



Why choose American Hardwood?

The Appalachian Mountains is home to many popular hardwood species. The area stretches from the Northern peaks of Quebec and more than 2.000 km to the Southwestern parts of Alabama. As the mountain side flows through the landscape, the climate and growth conditions change, and these changes become visible in the trees. American lumber is always square-edged cut, which makes it ready for processing right away.

Qualities are graded and sorted according to the NHLA grading rules. The system classifies three different levels according to the use of the wood. In this way, a uniform quality is secured no matter if your lumber comes from the Northern or Southern parts of the Appalachian areas.

American lumber is audited by AHEC, which gives the timber a status of low risk assessment according to sustainability risk. Global Timber always make sure that the timber is sustainably sourced.



Wood from Global Timber is used for many different purposes:









Ash

Botanical name: Fraxinus

Origin: North America

Weight: about 670 kg/m³



Red Oak

Botanical name: Quercus rubra

<mark>Drigin:</mark> Eastern North America

Weight: about 705 kg/m³



Yellow Pine

Botanical name:
Pinus echinata

Origin: *North America*

Weight: about 550 kg/m



Maple

Botanical name: Acer saccharum

Origin:
North America

Weight: about 705 kg/m



White Oal

Botanical name: Quercus alba

Origin: Eastern North America

Weight: about 770 kg/m[:]



Walnui

Botanical name: Juglans nigra

Origin: *Eastern North America*

Weight: about 600 kg/m



Hickory

Botanical name: Carya spp.

Origin: North America

Weight: about 830 kg/m²



Popla

Botanical name Liriodendron tulipfera

Origin: Eastern North America

weight: about 450 kg/m³





Why choose European Hardwood?

All over Europe, we source hardwood in different qualities to suit our customers' needs. Even though Europe is one continent, various climates and terrains shape the landscape. This impacts the growing conditions for the naturally found hardwood species. Structure and color changes from area to area depending on the conditions. European timber is often traditionally sawn with live and unedged sawing, which utilizes the timber from the log and minimize waste in the initial cut.

Grading of European hardwood can differ from sawmill to sawmill within same country/area. Some sawmills grade with letters such as an AA grade as the highest and C as the lowest export grade. However, the French mostly use grading classes like QB, QS, QF and QP where Q stands

for Querus; the Latin name for oak. Less used is the American standards of NHLA (FAS, 1COM and 2COM).

Most of the European hardwood are certified by a thirdparty organization and all timber is traded according to EUTR-regulations.



Certifications

At Global Timber, we are proud to contribute to preserving our global forests through important forest certifications. We endorse certifications for the greater well-being of both the forests and society in general. The benefits of forest certification extend beyond the environment, trickling down to the forest workers, sawmill workers, their families, and the communities associated with the forests.

Credible forest certifications guarantee sustainable forest management carried out following a series of agreed standards. By endorsing and promoting certified wood, we support various SDGs globally. Also, it assures our customers that their bit of contributions through

the purchase of certified wood for the cause of forest protection really serves a purpose. As an FSC® and PEFC certified company, we represent their values and principles of sustainable forest management.







Promoting Sustainable Forest Management







Ash. Thermo

Botanical name: Fraxinus excelsio

Origin Europe

Weight: about 650 kg/m³



White Oak

Botanical name
Quercus robur

Origin:

Weight: about 675 kg/m[:]



Ash

Botanical name: Fraxinus excelsio

Origin: Europe

Weight: about 650 kg/m³



Red Oak

Botanical name
Quercus rubra

Origin:

Weight: about 705 kg/m³



Beech

Botanical name Fagus silvatica

Origin Europe

Weight: about 680 kg/m[.]



Oak, smoked

Botanical name:

Origin:

Weight: about 650 kg/m



Birch

Botanical name

Betula pendula

Origin Europe

Weight:



Sycamore

Botanical name
Acer

Origin
Europe

Weight: about 650 kg/m





Why choose Tropical Hardwood?

Deep within the tropical forests of Brazil, West & Central Africa, or Southeast Asia, you'll find many popular hardwood species. Even though these species can be categorized under the same term, differences in growth conditions provide us with a wide array of species to choose from. A main characteristic for all of them is that the trees usually have a more rapid growth rate and they become much bigger in these areas than other places around the world. Another great feature for these types of trees is that they have less knots and defects.

As the tropical timber species have different origins, many types of sawing are available. Cuts of square edged, scantlings, or edged boules are common. With some species from especially the African continent, logs are also available.

Qualities are FAS-grade with a high percentage of 1st quality. All timber and logs are 100% legally sourced and in compliance with EUTR-requirements. Most of the mills from tropical areas are approved by a certification body.



Global Timber Asia

In 2013, Global Timber Asia was established as a subsidiary company located in Kuala Lumpur. From here, we connect sawmills and forest owners in Europe and the US to our Asian customers. Our trading in Asia is based on long term and respectful relations with our wood industry clients. With knowledge of temperate timber species, we can advise and supply the most requested timber species to production

factories all over South-East Asia.

We ship about a thousand containers of timber, lumber, and logs to South-East Asia annually. We have local staff in each of the countries we are operating in, who are supported by a strong team in Europe. Together they form a highly competent unit, who work on our business operations in Asia. Our growing customer base in Asia primarily consists of furniture factories, window- and door manufacturers and the flooring industry to name a few.







Afrormosia

Botanical name: Afrormosia elata

Origin: West Africa

Weight: about 710 kg/m³



Ipé

Botanical name: Tabebuia spp.

Origin Brazil

> Weight: about 1.100 kg/m³



Sipo

Botanical name: Entrandrophragma

Origin: West & Central Africa

Weight: about 590 kg/m³



Ayous

Botanical nam Triplochiton scleroxylon

Origin: West Africa

Weight: about 380 kg/m³



Jatoba

Botanical nar Hymenaea courbaril

Origin:

Weight: about 1.000 kg/m³



Teak

Botanical name Tectona grandis

Origin Asia

Weight: about 630 kg/m³



Doussie

Botanical name Afzelia hinindensis

Origin: Central Africa

Weight: about 700 kg/m³



Okoume

Botanical name Aucoumea kleineana

Origin: West Africa

Weight: about 420 kg/m³



Teak, plantation

Botanical name:

Origin: West America

Weight: about 550 kg/m³



Iroko

Botanical name: Chlorophora excelsa

Origin: Central Africa

Weight:



Sapele

Botanical name: Entrandrophragma cylendricum

Origin: West Africa

Weight:



Wengé

Botanical name: *Millettia laurentii*

Origin: West Africa

Weight: about 750 kg/m





